

This report covers some documents about the ethnic groups in Iran

16/7/2024

Abbas Mansouran

Baloch killing

"Campaign of Baloch activists" Annual report of human rights violations from January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2023, in Iran:

This report has recorded more than 850 cases of human rights violations, including children's rights. One-third of those executed in Iran are Balochis. According to this report, out of all the people executed in the whole of Iran, a third of them are Balochi citizens, considering the population of this ethnic minority in the entire population of Iran. This organization has managed to register 179 cases of execution of Baloch citizens throughout **Iran.**¹

The campaign of Baloch activists also emphasized that the statistics recorded by this organization **are much lower than the actual statistics of executions** in Baluchistan, the unfair trial process, obtaining confessions under torture, revenge, and pressure due to the political activity of a family member were among the cases.

The campaign has documented the violation of citizens' rights in connection with the issued death sentences.

¹ <https://farsi.alarabiya.net/iran/2023/01/18/>

News received from Roudbar in Sistan and Baluchistan indicates that five people, including a family with a woman and a child, were burned alive by government military agents.

Children died in the flames.

HalVash website reported that on the morning of **Saturday, 13 July 2024**

Five people, including a fuel truck and two children, died in the flames after military forces shot at a fuel truck in the southern Rudbar axis, which led to a collision with a passing **vehicle.**²



The identity of the deceased was Saman Naroie, whose car burned due to the firing of the repressive forces. Saman Naroie was a 22-year-old resident of Rodbar in Sistan and Baluchistan. The identities of the other four dead, who were

² <https://haalvsh.org/2024/07/15>

family members (father, mother, and two young children) who were passengers in the car, have been confirmed and are from **Jiroft**.³

According to current sources, "on Saturday morning around 4 am, military forces shot at a fuel truck **on the Kohnuj-Rodbar axis and Bahadurabad bridge**.

This shooting led to the car's deviation from the main road and its collision with a moving car whose passengers were family members, and all the passengers of both vehicles died in the flames. (July 15, **2024**)⁴

According to the report of the human rights media "Halvash," only in 2023, 366 Baloch citizens lost their lives while carrying fuel. Some of them were shot directly by border guards, and others were killed in accidents caused by chases and fear of the agents' arrival.⁵



³ <https://iranfreedom.net> // رودبار؛ در-یک-جنایت-آشکار-حکومتی-هن-و-ک

⁴

⁵ <https://iranwire.com/fa/features/131830>

Right to left: Shoeb Dahani, Adam (Mohammed) Bidad, Abdol vajed (Vajed) Jadgal. Rezvan Dahani⁶

Wajid", "Adam" and "Abdul Wahid" were three of the four fuel carriers who died on June 4, 2024; one of Adam's relatives told Iranwire that he was only 19 years old, but he had several siblings, including a disabled brother, who was also their breadwinner: "They were not in a good financial situation, so he was forced to refuel. On Tuesday, 4 June, he and Abdul Wahid Jadgal went to empty the gas load, and on the way, he was thrown out of the car when he hit another vehicle. Vajid faints in the car. Adam goes to help and pulls him out of the car with difficulty, but the car explodes a little further and catches them on fire. Adam rolls on the ground to put out the fire that killed him, but the other firefighters who were there take them to a small medical center in Sangan. Wajid died on the way, and Adam died three days later with 80% burns. Abdul Wahid also dies. He was only 21 years old. [Report on July 16, 2024/Fariba Baloch, Ruqayeh Rezaei].⁷

⁶ <https://rasanknews.com/2024/06/06>

⁷ <https://iranwire.com/fa/features/131830>



Two Balochi were killed and wounded by the shooting of military forces

June 4, 2024

An 11-year-old fuel carrier was among others.

On Tuesday, 4 June 2024, due to the collision of two fuel trucks on the "Khor Bahu" to "Sand Mirthoban" road in Dashtyari, four fuel trucks were killed. An 11-year-old fuel carrier named "Rizvan Dehani" was among them.⁸

Military forces shot two Baloch cars that were returning from the Kalegan Saravan border; one of them was killed, and another was wounded.

Balochi children, with multiple oppression as an ethnic group and because of caste, religious, and national discrimination, are among the most limited and lowest experiences and standards of childhood, life, and identity. Oppression, discrimination, lack of facilities, deprivation, and inequality are rampant in the political geography of Iran under the rule of the Islamic government. These

⁸ <https://iranwire.com/fa/features/131830>

oppressions and inequalities in Baluchistan, Kurdistan, the Lurs (Zagros residents), and the Arabs are many times more than in other places. In Baluchistan, we meet people who do not have a definition of water and gas piping, and they get water from hotak (a type of marsh where a kind of crocodile called Gando lives in them) and cook food on charcoal. Baloch children wish for a caper or a teacher for their education, with bare feet in the desert in search of bread. This is the situation not only in the villages but also in some parts of Baluchistan, where electricity, road, internet, telephone, clinic, library, park, amusement park, public transportation, and maternity are the only words that people may have heard of those areas.

In a struggle to survive in Iran's geography, Baloch must fight for his identity, his culture, his language, his clothes, and now for his land because he is deprived of the most uncomplicated right of citizenship, which is to have a birth certificate.

Balochi girl's cry for water

<https://www.aparat.com/v/e82658a>



Come and help us; we are thirsty!



However, many villages in this region do not have access to the drinking water network. They are not supplied with water tankers regularly or sufficiently provided with drinking water through hotaks. Of course, in some villages of Baluchistan, water is supplied through tankers, but people still must travel thousands of meters daily to get to a hothouse to get the water they need to wash or water their cattle—tradition to take water from it.

Usually, the children of rural Baloch families go alone or with other family members to collect water daily to Hotaks near their residence. Of course, since Hotaks is a natural pond, children sometimes go to the edge of these ponds to play and have fun. This is even though. Unfortunately, the hotaks do not have proper fences and safety for the presence of children, and sometimes Baloch children fall into them and lose their lives. Official statistics indicate that in the last 11 years, 48 children have died because of falling into hotaks, a native crocodile in the Baluchistan region.

Rokna news agency, Govt. 12/11/2023

<https://www.rokna.nebakhsh-atzateh-245/837821>

-death-of-painful-children-of-Balochistan-photo-of-a-beautiful-child-who-died/5-year-old boy suddenly abandons his entire childhood and enters War becomes bread. - Mostafa Dashti, a university professor in Sistan and Baluchistan: Children stay out of school to help with expenses, and girls go from university to getting married, and their expenses are removed from their families. Friday, 21 Mehr 1402 equals October 13, 2023

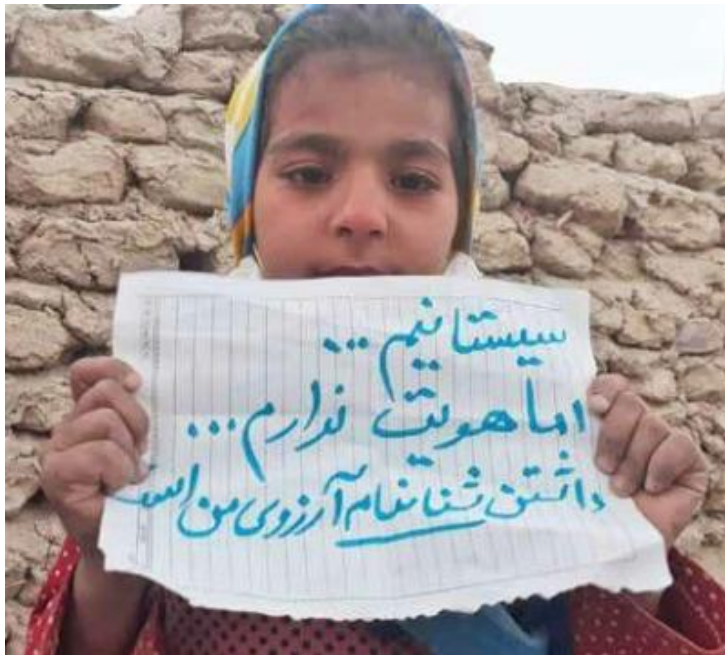
<https://kayhan.london/1402/07/21/332818>



People without ID in Sistan Baluchistan Zahedan—IRNA—One of the challenges in Sistan and Baluchistan province is the existence of people without birth certificates. These people are lost between their original identity and the identity they want, and this confusion causes problems for the individual and society.⁹

⁹ <https://www.irna.ir/news/85001916>

Khodanur Lejaehi from the Shirabad neighborhood of Zahedan and many people of Balochistan faced the problem of not having a birth certificate. Khodanour was killed on Sunday, October 2, 2022, during nationwide protests in **Iran**.¹⁰



I am Sistan... But without identity... To have an ID card is my dream.

The number of undocumented people reaches hundreds of thousands.

Those without ID cards are deprived of all kinds of public services such as subsidies, health insurance, bank accounts, water, electricity, telephone, and other things, and they cannot even travel. Support institutions such as welfare and Imam relief committees should cover

¹⁰ <https://ir.voanews.com/a/continuation-of-the-problem-of-people-without-ids-in-sistan-and-baluchistan/7362173.html>

these vulnerable people, but unfortunately, they are even deprived of cash subsidies.

ILNA's report on the plight of people without ID cards in Sistan and Baluchistan province starkly contrasts with the government's approach. The report, as detailed by the government-affiliated news agency, underscores the government's security-focused strategy, which has proven unsuccessful in addressing the needs of these individuals.

According to Ilna, people without identity cards in Sistan and Baluchistan province are deprived of subsidies, oil quotas, insurance, education, ownership documents, etc., and benefit from many opportunities that people with identity cards enjoy.

This news agency reported the existence of several thousand children without birth certificates in this province and wrote that they stop studying because they do not have birth certificates and go to seminary (religious) classes and home literacy movements to learn to read and write.

ILNA's report on the issue of children without IDs in Iran is further compounded by the government's lack of official acknowledgment.

Despite several thousand children without IDs, the government has not released any official figures, as highlighted by the representative of Zahedan, Hossein Ali Shahriari, who stated: "We will not announce it because it cannot be published in the media."

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Saeed Baladehai - Depriving the citizens of Sistan and Baluchistan of registering their identity in government offices and the government's refusal to deal with this issue has now reached the point where the security agents have threatened those without identity documents that you do not have identity documents. Therefore, you will stay in this country. It is illegal.¹²

In the evening of 30 September 2023, military and security forces raided the homes of Baloch citizens without ID in the areas of Shirabad, Dai Abad, Qasim Abad, Karim Abad, Kotsar, Hamzad, Baath, Jam Jam, Chahar Rah Rasouli and Old Zahedan Road. have been arrested in masse and threatened to cross the border. The families of these detainees have told the media that the security agents threatened them that they do not have identity documents and, therefore, their stay in this country is illegal. While many of these citizens have local certificates, they are initially from the same land and city, and their ancestors are known.

Zohra Sayadi was one of the rights activists of the undocumented citizens of Sistan and Baluchistan who was arrested by the security agents in 2018 and finally sentenced to one year in prison. He has pointed to this problem:

¹¹ <https://www.iranintl.com/202311200641>

¹² <https://www.radiozamaneh.com/789756>

Those who do not have hereditary birth certificates are a large population that, of course, cannot provide correct and accurate statistics due to various reasons, including the lack of birth and death registration of this population and the negligence of the **authorities.**¹³

About 20 million people in Iran are "deprived of basic life facilities."

May 2023

A member of the Expediency Council of the Islamic Government admitted that nearly 20 million people in Iran are deprived of the basic facilities of life. According to him, almost 900,000 dropouts between the ages of 6 and 17 have been identified nationwide.¹⁴

Of course, this number only includes children who have been identified and naturally does not include working children or street children

30% of the 100,000 people of Zahedan do not have birth certificates

Many of those without birth certificates, including the children of marriages with foreigners in Sistan and Baluchistan, or the children of people with purchased birth certificates, or have the birth certificate of a dead child **or infant.**¹⁵

Marginalization of 'about 20 million people in Iran'

February 15, 2022

Mojtaba Yousefi, a member of the Civil Commission of the Iranian Parliament, has reported the "marginalization" of about a quarter of Iran's population. Mr. Yousefi considered the housing market affected by "50% inflation" and pointed to Iran's "5.6 million" population of rent-seeking households.¹⁶

Ahmad Hossein Falahi, the spokesman of the Education and Research Commission of the Islamic Council of Parliament, presented shocking words. This member of the Iranian Parliament warned that three million and 500,000 Iranian students are on the verge of dropping out of school.¹⁷

¹³ <https://www.radiozamaneh.com/789756>

¹⁴ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند-ir-a-65669234>

¹⁵ <https://www.radiozamaneh.com/554303>

¹⁶ <https://www.bbc.com/persian/business-60387805>

¹⁷ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/بیش-از-یک-میلیون-دانش-آموز-ایرانی-ترک-تحصیل-کرده‌اند-ir-a-59807603>



Sistan and Baluchistan are the least developed provinces of Iran in terms of economic and social development indicators. Alim Yar Mohammadi, a representative of Zahedan in the Islamic Council of June of this year, considered unemployment as the main problem of the residents of Sistan and Baluchistan province and said, "The unemployment rate in some areas of the province **is between 40 and 60 percent** (November 19, 2020).¹⁸

Working Children

August 1, 2023

According to government reports in Iran: Based on the statistics cited by this report, "working children" makeup about 8%, including children at home, about 15% of Iran's children's population, and about 10% of working children do not attend **school**.¹⁹

¹⁸ <https://www.radiozamaneh.com/554303>

According to the report, examples of "child labor" such as domestic work, drug trafficking, coercion, and sexual abuse have been mentioned. In 1984, the government of Iran accepted the Convention on the Rights of the Child with the condition that "its provisions are in any case and at any time in conflict with the internal laws and Islamic standards" and do not apply to the Islamic Republic.

The Islamic Republic prevented the activity of Iran's largest and most influential non-governmental organization, "Jamaat Imam Ali." Following the Ministry of Interior's complaint, the judiciary dissolved this organization, and intelligence agencies arrested several managers.

We do not have statistics!

Head of the country's social affairs organization:

We do not have accurate statistics on working children in Iran

ISNA news agency/July 4, 2024, Khorasan Razavi province

The deputy minister and head of the country's social affairs organization said: The number of working children in Iran is lower than in many other countries. However, we do not have accurate statistics on working children because these statistics are relative. No census has been conducted in **this regard.**²⁰

²⁰ <https://www.isna.ir/news/1403041409334/>

He continued: "About 70 to 80 percent of these children have families and... about 50 to 60 percent of the children are the family's breadwinners, and this issue must be resolved so that they do not have to work and return to their families."

This is even though, according to Article 30 of the Constitution, "the government is obliged to provide free education facilities for all the nation until the end of secondary school and to expand the facilities of higher education for free up to the limit of the country's self-sufficiency."²¹

According to the Ministry of Cooperation, Labor, and Welfare statistics used to prepare the research center's report, most of this population was added in 2018 and 2019.

According to estimates last year, 18 million of the country's population are under 12 years old, which is 21% of the total population (nearly 89 million)^{23,22}.

²¹ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند-ir-a-65669234>

²² <https://amarfact.com/analysis/population-statistics-of-iran>

²³ <https://amarfact.com/statistics/population-of-iran-by-age>

According to these statistics, one out of every three people in Iran lives below the poverty line.

According to an IRNA report, at least seven percent of Iranian compulsory education students "only in the last two years (2021-22), instead of having fun and teaching, they either had to hear the work bell and the employer's voice, or they were stuck in the corner of the house and stopped studying."

Iskandar Momeni, the Secretary General of the Anti-Narcotics Headquarters, revealed in mid-January of this year that the results of a "detailed survey in society" showed that 90% of students fall into the trap of one of the social harms such as addiction after dropping out of school.

Education officials constantly try to shirk their responsibilities and use external factors as excuses.

According to the Ministry of Cooperation, Labor and Social Welfare announcement, the poverty rate of a family of 4 in 2022 is 7.7 million tomans for the whole country and 7.7 million tomans in the city of Tehran (approximately \$150).

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²⁴ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند-ir/a-65669234>

²⁵ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند-ir/a-65669234>

²⁶ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند-ir/a-65669234>



تصاویر کودکان، زنان و مردان زباله‌گرد در ایران

با رکود و تورم در اقتصاد ایران، زباله‌گردی به منبع درآمد اصلی برخی از ایرانیان تبدیل شده است. پیش از این معاون وزیر بهداشت ایران گفته بود: «۳۰ درصد مردم کشور گرسنه‌اند».

Pictures of children, women, and men scavenging in Iran

With inflation stagnating in Iran's economy, garbage collection has become the main source of income for many Iranians. Before this, the Deputy Minister of Health of Iran said that 30% of the country's people were **hungry**.²⁷

Sistan and Baluchistan provinces are the most deprived provinces in the country.²⁸

According to this report, household income and expenditure data show that although the poverty rate in the whole country is about 30%, it is higher than 50% in provinces like Sistan and Baluchistan. This means that more than half of the people of this province have spent less than the calculated poverty line.

The provinces of North Khorasan, Hormozgan (primarily Arab and Sunni), and Lorestan are in the following ranks: the country's border provinces.

²⁷ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند/a-65669234>

²⁸ <https://www.dw.com/fa-ir/حدود-۲۰-میلیون-نفر-در-ایران-از-امکانات-اولیه-زندگی-محرومند/a-65669234>

The Women, Mortalities from Childbirth

11 July 2024

According to the head of the medical organization in Iran, Nov. In 2023, 17 percent of maternal deaths in childbirth are due to the employment of non-natives as treatment and definition staff. In addition, most of the victims of childbirth are mothers aged 30 to 35 years.

These are the only cases registered at the centers with medical staff and treatment. The dimensions of the disaster are not accurate.²⁹

By the way, in Iran, the death rate of mothers who are pregnant while giving birth is also more than one and a half levels of the level assigned, which has been approved in the 6th development program as a government task.

However, the calculation of the data of the Iranian Statistics Center in 2021 shows that the number of women who died during childbirth was 238; In other words, 22 cases per hundred thousand births. Which has had an increasing trend compared to previous years.

One year later, i.e., in 2022, this number has increased again, and 246 pregnant mothers are pregnant in Iran when they give birth.

²⁹ <https://www.radiofarda.com/a/maternal-death-rate-in-iran-every-36-hours-one-mother-dies/33027866.html>

Germany initiated the special session of the UNHRC, which has 47 members, to discuss the human rights violations that have taken place during the nationwide protests in Iran.

A resolution is set to be introduced at the November 24 session that will call on Iran to end the repression and violence against its people. The resolution also provides for an independent investigative mission to document human rights violations in Iran in the context of the protests. At least 416 people, including 51 children, have been killed by security forces across the country, according to the Oslo-based Iran Human Rights group.³⁰

[@PMIRAN_GENEVA](#)

Mary Lawlor UN Special Rapporteur HRDs ([@MaryLawlorhrds](#)) [July 15, 2024](#)

Women at Risk

Beatings, sexual assaults, death threats, and artificial executions during [their](#) [detention.](#)³¹

On August 4 of last year 2022, security agents of the Islamic Republic arrested 12 women's rights activists and civil activists living in Gilan province, including these 6 civil activists in the cities of Rasht, Foman, Anzali and Lahijan.

³⁰ <https://www.rferl.org/a/iran-un-rights-mohammadi/32145872.html>

³¹ <https://www.radiofarda.com/a/six-whrds-imprisoned-reportedly-violently-arrested-tortured-and-threatened-with-rape-and-death-during-interrogat/33038150.html>

These activists were sentenced to "more than 60 years of penal servitude" in total, and this sentence was confirmed on the 8th of June this year in the appeals court of Gilan province.

Earlier, sources close to these activists told Radio Farda that most of them were subjected to severe interrogations, beatings, sexual assaults, death threats and artificial executions during **their detention..**³²

Ethens In Iran³³

Ethnics	Population
Kurds	8 Millions
Turks(Azaris)	12.8
Persians	43.2
Arabs	1.6
Lors	8
Balouchis	1.6
Mazandaranis	3.2

³² <https://www.radiofarda.com/a/six-whrds-imprisoned-reportedly-violently-arrested-tortured-and-threatened-with-rape-and-death-during-interrogat/33038150.html>

³³ <https://lahzeakhar.com/Useful-information-Tourist-content/6391>

Talishis	0.4
Qashqaies	1.7
Gilaks	2.4
Turkmens	1.3

July 11, 2024

A week has passed since the announcement of the death sentence for labor activist Sharifa Mohammadi, the reactions to this sentence continue.

Today, Hossein Shanbeh Zadeh's brother announced the extension of his arrest warrant.

Yesterday, Zohra and Zahra Dadras were arrested separately, and other women's rights activists from Gillan were also summoned to Rasht prison to execute the sentence.

In the latest reaction, Reza Shahabi, Daoud Razavi, and Hassan Saeedi, three members of the workers' union of the Tehran bus unit company, who are themselves imprisoned in Evin, called this sentence "crazy and shocking" and demanded the cancellation of this sentence and Sharifa's unconditional release. They became Mohammedans³⁴.

³⁴ <https://www.bbc.com/persian/articles/cpv3k4gl5q4o>

Human rights sources have reported that this morning (Saturday, July 23), many women's rights activists in Gilan went to Lakan prison in Rasht to serve their **prison terms**.³⁵

Bidar Zani, (feminist), a media group of women's rights activists, published a photo of these women and wrote that "Forugh Samiania, Jaloh Javaheri, Negin Rezaei, Shiva Shah Siah and Azadeh Chavoshiyan, women's rights activists in the August 1402 case, accompanied by a large number of activists and members "The family went to Lakan prison in front of the Rasht Revolutionary Prosecutor's Office to endure imprisonment."³⁶

The prison administrators of Zohra and Zahra Dadras, two other convicts in the case of 11 Gilani activists, were executed on 11 July 2024 ³⁷

In this case, 11 civil and women's rights activists of Gilan have been sentenced to more than 60 years in prison.

These activists have stated that they were tortured and assaulted during their **detention**.

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³⁵ <https://iranwire.com/fa/news-1/131738>

³⁶ <https://hengaw.net/fa/news/2024/07/article-59>

³⁷ <https://ir.voanews.com/a/iran-six-female-rights-activists-in-gilan-imprisoned/7696597.html>

³⁸ <https://ir.voanews.com/a/iran-six-female-rights-activists-in-gilan-imprisoned/7696597.html>



شماری از فعالان حقوق زنان در استان گیلان که برای اجرای حکم حبس خود را به زندان لاکان رشت معرفی کردند.

زهرا و زهرا دادرس جهت اجرای حکم حبس بازداشت و به زندان لاکان رشت منتقل شدند



Zahra and Zohre were arrested and jailed in Lakan, Rasht 10 July 2024

Earlier, Zohra Dadras was sentenced to 6 years and 1 day by Branch 3 of Rasht Revolutionary Court headed by Judge Mehdi Rasekhi on the charge of "forming an illegal group against security" and to 3 years, 6 months and 1 day in prison for "association and collusion" and in He was sentenced to a total of 9 years, six months and 2 days of imprisonment, which the application of the Consolidation of Sentences Law will enforce.³⁹

³⁹ <https://hengaw.net/fa/news/2024/07/article-44>